Cambridge International AS & A Level

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CHEMISTRY

9701/34 May/June 2014

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 2

CONFIDENTIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Great care should be taken to ensure that any confidential information given does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

The Supervisor's attention is drawn to the form on page 7 which must be completed and returned with the scripts.

If you have any problems or queries regarding these Instructions, please contact Cambridgeby e-mail:info@cie.org.uk,by phone:+44 1223 553554,by fax+44 1223 553558,stating the Centre number, the nature of the query and the syllabus number quoted above.

This document consists of 8 printed pages.

IB14 06_9701_34CI/4RP © UCLES 2014 CAMBRIDGE

[Turn over

Safety

2

Supervisors are advised to remind candidates that **all** substances in the examination should be treated with caution.

Only those tests described in the question paper should be attempted. Please also see under 'Apparatus' on the use of pipette fillers, safety goggles and plastic gloves.

In accordance with COSHH (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health) Regulations, operative in the UK, a hazard appraisal of the examination has been carried out.

Attention is drawn in particular, to certain materials used in the examination. The following codes are used where relevant.

C corrosive substance

- **F** highly flammable substance
- H harmful or irritating substance
- O oxidising substance

T toxic substance

N dangerous for the environment

The attention of Supervisors is drawn to any local regulations relating to safety and first-aid.

'Hazard Data Sheets', relating to materials used in this examination, should be available from your chemical supplier.

Before the Examination

1 Access to the question paper is NOT permitted in advance of the examination.

2 Preparation of materials

Where quantities are specified for each candidate, they are sufficient for the experiments described in the question paper to be completed.

In preparing materials, the bulk quantity for each substance should be increased by 25% as spare material should be available to cover accidental loss. More material may be supplied if requested by candidates, without penalty.

All solutions should be bulked and mixed thoroughly before use to ensure uniformity.

Every effort should be made to keep the concentrations accurate to within one part in two hundred of those specified.

Supervisors are asked to carry out any confirmatory tests given on page 4 to ensure the materials supplied are appropriate.

If the concentrations differ slightly from those specified, the Examiners will make the necessary allowance. They should be informed of the exact concentrations.

3 Labelling of materials

Materials must be labelled as specified in these instructions. Materials with an **FB** code number should be so labelled **without** the identities being included on the label. Where appropriate the identity of an **FB** coded chemical is given in the question paper itself.

4 Identity of materials

It should be noted that descriptions of solutions given in the question paper may not correspond exactly with the specifications in these Instructions. The candidates must assume the descriptions given in the question paper.

5 Size of group

In view of the difficulty of the preparation of large quantities of solution of uniform concentration, it is recommended that the maximum number of candidates per group be 30 and that separate supplies of solutions be prepared for each group.

Apparatus

- 1 In addition to the fittings ordinarily contained in a chemical laboratory, the apparatus and materials specified below will be necessary.
- 2 Pipette fillers (or equivalent safety devices), safety goggles and disposable gloves should be used where necessary.
- **3** For each candidate
 - $1 \times 25 \, \text{cm}^3$ pipette
 - $1 \times 50 \, cm^3$ burette
 - $1 \times burette stand and clamp$
 - $1 \times$ funnel (for filling burette)
 - $1 \times$ funnel (for transferring solution)
 - $1 \times 250 \text{ cm}^3$ volumetric (graduated) flask
 - $2 \times 250 \, \text{cm}^3$ conical flask
 - $1 \times 250 \, \text{cm}^3$ beaker
 - $1 \times 100 \, \text{cm}^3$ beaker
 - $1 \times$ white tile
 - $1 \times$ crucible (at least 15 cm^3 capacity) without lid
 - $1 \times pipe-clay triangle$
 - $1 \times Bunsen burner$
 - $1 \times heat proof mat$
 - $1 \times tripod$ and gauze
 - $1 \times crucible tongs$
 - $1 \times glass \ rod$
 - $1 \times \text{test-tube holder}$
 - $8\times test\text{-}tubes^{*}$
 - $1 \times hard$ -glass test-tube
 - $1 \times \text{test-tube rack}$
 - $2 \times teat/dropping pipette$
 - $1 \times spatula$
 - 1 × marker or labels (suitable for labelling glassware)
 - 1 × wash bottle containing distilled water

sight of a clock with a minutes display access to a balance weighing to at least 0.1 g paper towels

*Candidates are expected to rinse and re-use test-tubes and boiling tubes where possible. Additional test-tubes should be available.

Where balance provision is limited, some candidates should be instructed to start the examination with different questions.

Chemicals Required

It is especially important that great care is taken that the confidential information given below does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly. <u>_</u>

2 Particular requirements

| 2.5g a mixture of calcium 2.5g carbonate and potassium 2.5g carbonate and potassium 60 cm ³ 2.0 moldm ⁻³ hydrochloric acid 150 cm ³ 0.20 moldm ⁻³ sodium nydroxide a mixture of calcium 2g carbonate and potassium 10 cm ³ 0.20 moldm ⁻³ magnesium 1.2g a mixture of calcium 10 cm ³ 0.20 moldm ⁻³ magnesium 1.2g a mixture of zinc carbonate 10 cm ³ sulfate in nitric acid 1.2g a mixture of zinc carbonate 10 cm ³ methyl orange indicator | hazard | label | per candidate | identity | notes (hazards given in this column are for the raw materials) |
|---|--------|----------------------------|---------------------|---|---|
| FB 260 cm³2.0 moldm-³ hydrochloric acidFB 4150 cm³0.20 moldm-³ sodiumFB 52g0.20 moldm-³ sodiumFB 52gcarbonate and potassiumFB 610 cm³0.20 moldm-³ magnesiumFB 71.2ga mixture of calciumFB 71.2ga mixture of zinc carbonateIndicator10 cm³methyl orange indicator | | FB 1 | 2.5g | a mixture of calcium carbonate and potassium chloride | Grind together a mixture of 80% by mass powdered CaCO ₃ with 20% by mass KC <i>L</i> Supply 2.5 \pm 0.1 g per candidate in a stoppered bottle or tube. Note: FB 1 and FB 5 have the same composition but must be provided separately. |
| FB 4 150 cm ³ 0.20 mol dm ⁻³ sodium P 150 cm ³ 0.20 mol dm ⁻³ sodium P FB 5 2g a mixture of calcium FB 5 2g carbonate and potassium Chloride 0.20 mol dm ⁻³ magnesium FB 6 10 cm ³ sulfate in nitric acid FB 7 1.2g a mixture of zinc carbonate methyl orange 10 cm ³ methyl orange indicator | Ξ | FB 2 | 60 cm ³ | 2.0 moldm ⁻³ hydrochloric acid | See preparation instructions on page 59 of the 2014 syllabus. |
| 2g a mixture of calcium 2g carbonate and potassium chloride chloride 10cm³ 0.20 mol dm ⁻³ magnesium aulfate in nitric acid anixture of zinc carbonate 1.2g and potassium iodide 1.2g and potassium iodide 10cm³ methyl orange indicator | E | FB 4 | 150 cm ³ | | Dissolve 8.0g of NaOH [C] in each dm^3 of solution. |
| 10 cm ³ 0.20 moldm ⁻³ magnesium 10 cm ³ sulfate in nitric acid a mixture of zinc carbonate and potassium iodide 1.2g and potassium iodide 10 cm ³ methyl orange indicator | | FB 5 | 2g | a mixture of calcium carbonate and potassium chloride | Grind together a mixture of 80% by mass powdered CaCO $_3$ with 20% by mass KC <i>I</i> . Supply 2.0 \pm 0.2 g per candidate in a stoppered bottle or tube. |
| 1.2ga mixture of zinc carbonate and potassium iodide10 cm³methyl orange indicator | | FB 6 | 10 cm ³ | 0.20 mol dm ⁻³ magnesium sulfate in nitric acid | Dissolve 49.3g MgSO ₄ .7H ₂ O in each dm ³ of solution made with 10 cm ³ 2.0 moldm ⁻³ nitric acid [C] and distilled water. |
| 10 cm ³ methyl orange indicator | | FB 7 | 1.2g | a mixture of zinc carbonate and potassium iodide | Grind together a mixture of 70% by mass ZnCO ₃ (or basic zinc carbonate, $(ZnCO_{3})_{2}$. $(Zn(OH)_{2})_{3}$) with 30% KI by mass. Supply 1.2 ±0.2 g per candidate in a stoppered tube or bottle. |
| | | methyl orange indicator | 10 cm ³ | methyl orange indicator | See preparation instructions on page 60 of the 2014 syllabus. |
| 300 cm ³ | | distilled water | 300 cm ³ | distilled water | |

The reagents below should also be provided. Unless otherwise stated, each candidate should require no more than 10 cm³ of any of these reagents. If necessary, they may be made available from a communal supply: however, the attention of the Invigilators should be drawn to the fact that such an arrangement may lead to contamination of reagents and enhance the opportunity for malpractice between candidates.

| hazard | label | per candidate | notes |
|-------------|---|--------------------|--|
| [H] | dilute hydrochloric acid | | |
| [<u></u>] | dilute nitric acid | | |
| Ξ | dilute sulfuric acid | | |
| Ξ | aqueous ammonia | 20 cm ³ | |
| [C] | aqueous sodium hydroxide | | |
| Ξ | 0.1 mol dm ⁻³ barium chloride | | See identity details and preparation instructions on pages 59 and 60 of the 2014 svIlabus. |
| | [or 0.1 mol dm ⁻³ barium nitrate] | | |
| [N] [H] | 0.05 mol dm ⁻³ silver nitrate | | |
| Ξ | limewater | | |
| [N] | 0.02 mol dm ⁻³ potassium manganate(VII) | | |
| | 0.1 mol dm ⁻³ potassium iodide | | |
| | starch solution | | See preparation instructions for starch indicator on page 60 of the 2014 syllabus. |
| [H] [N] | acidified aqueous potassium manganate(VII) | | Mix equal volumes of 0.02 moldm ⁻³ KMnO ₄ [N] [O] [H] and 1.0 moldm ⁻³ sulfuric acid [H]. |

red and blue litmus papers, plain filter paper strips for use with acidified manganate(VII), aluminium foil for testing nitrate/nitrite, wooden splints and the apparatus normally used in the Centre for use with limewater in testing for carbon dioxide

ი

Responsibilities of the Supervisor during the Examination

1 The Supervisor, or other competent chemist, **must**, **out of sight of the candidates**, **carry out the experiments in Question 1** and complete tables of readings on a spare copy of the question paper which should be labelled 'Supervisor's Results'.

This should be done for:

each session held and each laboratory used in that session, and each batch of solutions supplied.

N.B. The question paper cover requests the candidate to fill in details of the examination session and the laboratory used for the examination.

It is essential that each packet of scripts contains a copy of the applicable Supervisor's Results as the candidates' work cannot be assessed accurately without such information.

2 The Supervisor must complete the Report Form on page 7 to show which candidates attended each session. If all candidates took the examination in one session, please indicate this on the Report Form. A copy of the Report Form must accompany each copy of the Supervisor's Results in order for the candidates' work to be assessed accurately.

The Supervisor must give details on page 8 of any particular difficulties experienced by a candidate, especially if the Examiner would be unable to discover this from the written answers.

After the Examination

Each envelope returned to Cambridge must contain the following items.

- 1 The scripts of those candidates specified on the bar code label provided.
- **2** A copy of the Supervisor's Report relevant to the candidates in **1**.
- **3** A copy of the Report Form, including details of any difficulties experienced by candidates (see pages 7 and 8).
- **4** The Attendance Register.

5 A Seating Plan for each session/laboratory.

Failure to provide appropriate documentation in each envelope may cause candidates to be penalised.

COLOUR-BLINDNESS

With regard to colour-blindness it is permissible to advise candidates who request assistance on colours of, for example precipitates and solutions (especially titration end-points). Please include with the scripts a note of the candidate numbers of such candidates.

Experience suggests that candidates who are red/green colour-blind – the most common form – do not generally have significant difficulty. Reporting such cases with the scripts removes the need for a 'Special Consideration' application.

REPORT FORM

7

This form must be completed and sent to the Examiner in the envelope with the scripts.

Centre Number Name of Centre

1 Supervisor's Results

Please submit details of the readings obtained in **Question 1** on a spare copy of the question paper clearly marked 'Supervisor's Results' **and showing the Centre number and appropriate session/laboratory number.**

2 The candidate numbers of candidates attending each session were:

First Session

Second Session

- **3** The Supervisor is required to give details overleaf of any difficulties experienced by particular candidates, giving names and candidate numbers. These should include reference to:
 - (a) any general difficulties encountered in making preparation;
 - (b) difficulties due to faulty apparatus or materials;
 - (c) accidents to apparatus or materials;
 - (d) assistance with respect to colour-blindness.

Other cases of hardship, e.g. illness, temporary disability, should be reported direct to CIE on the normal 'Application for Special Consideration' form.

4 A plan of work benches, giving details by candidate numbers of the places occupied by the candidates for each experiment for each session, must be enclosed with the scripts.

Report on any difficulties experienced by candidates.

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.